FRAME 80 WG Version 5.5, 05.04.2022



# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Date of issue: 17.09.2012 Last update: 05.04.2022
Printing date: 26.04.2022 Version No.: 5.5, replaces version No.: 5.4

## Section 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: FRAME 80 WG, WETTABLE SULFUR 80 WG

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Fungicide, Acaricide

### 1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Manufacturer: agrostulln GmbH,

Werksweg 2, D-92551 Stulln, Germany, Ph.: +49 9435/3069-0; Fax: +49 9435/3069-14;

e-mail:info@agrostulln.de

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Greece: Poison Information Centre: Children's Hospital P&A Kyriakou,

Emergency number: (0030) 2107793777

## Section 2 Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. However, a safety data sheet is being supplied for it on request.

## 2.2 Label elements

Pictogram none
Signal Words none
Hazard Statements none

Additional Hazard Statements **EUH401** To avoid risks to human health and the environment,

comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary Statements P102+P405 Keep out of reach of children. Store locked up.

**P234** Keep only in original container.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SP1 Do not contaminate water with the product or its

container (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/ Avoid contamination via drains from

farmyards and roads).

## 2.3 Other hazards

- The product is not a dust-explosion risk as supplied; however, the build-up of fine dust can lead to a risk of dust explosion.
- The mixture itself or any substance contained in this mixture does not meet the criteria for vPvB and PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
- The mixture itself or any substance contained in this mixture is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

# Section 3 Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture:

Active ingredient Sulfur, 80% w/w

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Other components Dispersing agent: Lignosulfonate

Anti-caking agent: Mineral rock meal

Hazardous ingredients Sulfur

Information on the a.i. Sulfur:

CAS No	EC No	Index No.	% [weight]	Substance name	Classification acc. to Reg. (EC) 1278/2008 (CLP)	SCL, M-factor, ATE
7704-34-9	231-722-6	016-094-00-1	80	Sulfur	Skin Irrit.2 H315	none

For full text of H-statements, see SECTION 16.

**REACH Registration:** As active ingredient of a plant protection product, sulfur is regarded as being registered according to article 15 of regulation 1907/2006/EC, and further registration under REACH is not required.

There are no additional ingredients present in this mixture which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or nanoparticles, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

## Section 4 First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<u>General information</u> Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of accident

or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions of use or

safety data sheet if possible).

<u>Following inhalation</u> Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

<u>Following skin contact</u> Wash immediately with soap and plenty of water. In case of skin irritation,

consult a physician.

Following eye contact Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water,

Consult an ophthalmologist.

removing it, or wear gloves.

<u>Following ingestion</u> Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do not induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not

enter the lungs. Seek medical assistance.

Self-protection of the first

aider

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Swallowing of the product can cause flatulence and diarrhoea.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Specific treatment: First aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

Notes for the doctor: Treat symptomatically.

## Section 5 Firefighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> Water mist, foam, powder, water-spray, CO<sub>2</sub> <u>Unsuitable extinguishing media:</u> Do not use compact water jet (risk of steam explosion)

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** 

Burning material forms highly toxic and irritant sulfur dioxide.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not inhale fumes.

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#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

<u>Special protective actions for fire-fighters:</u> Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

<u>Protective clothing:</u> Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## Section 6 Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: refer to section 8.2

Emergency procedures:

Remove ignition sources, provide sufficient ventilation and control dust development.

For emergency responders

As above, no additional information.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into drains or sewer, soil or open water (streams, ponds etc.).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up spilt substance mechanically and collect in suitable, sealed containers. A vacuum cleaner may only be used, if it is explosion-proof.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8 for information to suitable personal protective equipment

Refer to section 13 for more information to treatment of waste.

## Section 7 Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Dust explosion possible. Keep away from electrical appliances, open flames, any source of heat and sparks. No smoking or welding in the working area.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas; wash hands after use; and remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical mesasures and storage conditions

Store in a cool, dry place, protect from moisture and direct sunlight.

Materials for packaging

Moisture resistant material, no special requirements.

Conditions for storage rooms and containers

Do not store together with food, feedstuff, and beverage. Keep away from children.

Further information related to storage: Storage class: 11

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

The product is used for plant protection with the common spraying or atomising equipment, according to good agricultural practice. See label for further information.

## Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits rsp. biological occupational exposure limits requiring monitoring: none

## 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **8.2.1** Appropriate engineering control

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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### Organisational measures to prevent exposure:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

### **8.2.2** Personal protective equipment:

## a) Eye/face protection

Use safety goggles with side protection. Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

## b) Skin protection

#### Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times.larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

## Body Protection

Use impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

## c) Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White). For nuisance exposures use type P95 (US) or type P1 (EU EN 143) particle respirator. For higherlevel protection use type OV/AG/P99 (US) or type ABEK-P2 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges.

Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

## **8.2.3** Environmental exposure control

Do not allow to enter into drains or sewers, soil or open water.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

To avoid risks for the environment, apply only according to the instructions on the label.

# Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state Solid (microgranules)

b) Colour Brown

c) Odour Ligneous-sweet Odour threshold Not determined

d) Melting Point Not determined for the mixture,

Melting point of Sulfur: 114-116 °C (Meth.: CIPAC MT 2)

e) Boiling point Not determined for the mixture,

Boiling point of molten Sulfur: 445 °C (Literature data)

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f)	Flammability	Not highly flammable (Meth.: EEC A.10)
g)	Upper/lower explosion limits	Not applicable (solid preparation)
h)	Flash point	Not applicable (solid preparation)
i)	Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable (solid preparation)
j)	Decomposition temperature	Not determined
k)	pH value (1% in H₂O at 20°C)	4 – 7 (Meth.: CIPAC MT 75.2)
I)	Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable (solid preparation)
m)	Solubility	Dispersible in water
n)	N-octanol water partition coefficient	Not determined for the mixture
		Log P <sub>ow</sub> Sulfur: 5.68 (20°C)
o)	Vapour pressure	Not applicable (solid preparation)
p)	Density	900 ± 50 g/L (CIPAC MT 186 "pour density")
q)	Relative vapour density	Not applicable (solid preparation)
r)	Particle characteristics	Particle size distribution: d <sub>50</sub> : < 8 μm (Meth.: CIPAC MT 187) (Laser
		diffraction)
		Dustiness: 2.4 mg (Meth.: CIPAC MT 171)
		Nanoforms: none
9.2	Other information	
	Miscibility	Not miscible with products containing oil
	Formation of explosible dust/air mixtures	The build-up of fine dust can lead to a risk of dust explosion.

# Section 10 Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under appropriate storage conditions and ambient temperature as indicated in section 7.2.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

When stored and handled according to the instructions, no hazardous reactions are to be expected. Dust explosion possible. See chapter 7 for further information.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid dust development. Keep away from electrical appliances, open flames, any source of heat and sparks.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

With chlorates, nitrates, perchlorates and permanganates, product forms explosive mixtures extremely susceptible to shock.

Unstable in contact with strong oxidising agents, copper and copper oxides.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

## Section 11 Toxicological information

	Sulfur 80 WG	<u>Method</u>	<b>Species</b>	Exposure time	Result/ Classification*
a)	Acute toxicity				
	Oral	OECD no. 401	Rat		LD <sub>50</sub> : > 5000 mg/kg *
	Dermal	OECD no. 402	Rat		LD <sub>50</sub> : > 2000 mg/kg *
	Inhalation	OECD no. 403	Rat	4 h	LC <sub>50</sub> : 5434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> * max. attainable concentration with a MMAD in the target range (1-4 µm)
b)	skin corrosion/irritation	OECD no. 404	Rabbit	4 h	No skin irritation *
c)	serious eye damage/irritation	OECD no. 405	Rabbit	24 h	No eye irritation*

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d) respiratory or skin OECD no. 406 Guinea	25 d	No skin sensitisation observed*
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sensitisation Pig

\* a) – d): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

No data available e) germ cell mutagenicity No data available f) carcinogenicity g) reproductive toxicity No data available h) STOT-single exposure No data available i) STOT-repeated exposure No data available j) Aspiration hazard No data available

Active ingredient sulfur, as far as data are available:

		<u>Method</u>	<u>Species</u>	Exposure time	Result/ Classification*
a)	Acute toxicity				
	Oral	OECD no. 401	Rat		LD <sub>50</sub> : > 2000 mg/kg *
	Dermal	OECD no. 402	Rat		LD <sub>50</sub> : > 2000 mg/kg *
	Inhalation	OECD no. 403	Rat	4 h	$LC_{50}$ : 5430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> * max. attainable concentration with a MMAD in the target range (1-4 $\mu$ m)
b)	skin corrosion/irritation	OECD no. 404	Rabbit	4 h	Irritating (Skin Irrit.2, H315)
c)	serious eye damage/irritation	OECD no. 405	Rabbit	24 h	No eye irritation*
d)	respiratory or skin sensitisation	OECD no. 406	Pig		No skin sensitisation observed*
	* a) a) d): Pasad on a	wailahla data th	J	ion critoria ara n	not mot

<sup>\*</sup> a), c), d): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

## **11.2.1** Endocrine disrupting properties

For this product, no endocrine disrupting properties were derived from application of the assessment criteria laid down in the corresponding Regulations ((EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) 2017/2100, (EU) 2018/605), that is relevant to assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health.

## 11.2.2 Other information

Swallowing of the product can cause flatulence and diarrhoea. No other relevant adverse health effects have been reported.

## Section 12 Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acute aquatic Toxicity	Method	<u>Species</u>	Exposure time	<u>Result</u>		
Fish		Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h	LC <sub>50</sub> > 5000 mg/l		
Daphnia	OECD 202	Daphnia magna	48 h	EC <sub>50</sub> > 1000 mg/l		
Algae	OECD 201	Ankistrodesmus bibraianus	72 h	EC <sub>50</sub> > 290 mg/l		
Chronic aquatic toxicit	:y:					
Fish	OECD 204	Oncorhynchus mykiss	28 d	LC <sub>50</sub> > 100 mg/l		
Daphnia	OECD 202	Daphnia magna	21 d	EC <sub>50</sub> > 1000 mg/l		
Toxicity for other organisms:						
Toxicity to bees	Dose response	Apis mellifera	24 h	LD <sub>50</sub> > 100 μg /bee Not toxic		
Toxicity to earthworms	OECD 207	Eisenia fetida	14 d	LD <sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg /kg soil -Not toxic		

Information on environmental hazard effects of the decomposition products

Sulfur dioxide and sulfurous acid: 1 mg/l lethal for fish

# 12.2 Persistance and degradability (active ingredient)

Physical and photo-chemical elimination:

Elemental sulphur dissociates in artificial sunlight (DT50 = 3-4 Std.)

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### **Biodegradation:**

Oxidation to sulfate which occurs naturally in soils and ground water (DT50 = 28 d)

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential (active ingredient)

Octanol water partition coefficient of sulfur: Log Pow 5.68 (20°C)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil (active ingredient)

Sulfur is not water-soluble and for this reason has low mobility in soils.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture does not have endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as it does not meet the criteria set out in section B of Regulation (EU) No 2017/2100."

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Contamination of surface water or sanitary sewer system should be avoided.

## Section 13 Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

To be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Waste should not be disposed of by release to sewers. Combustion possible in suitable incineration plants (flue gas desulfurisation).

European Waste Catalogue: EWC-Number 06 06 99

<u>Waste description:</u> wastes from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use of sulfur chemicals, sulfur chemical processes and desulfurisation processes, otherwise not specified.

## Section 14 Transport information

Not classified as dangerous goods according to national and international regulations.

**14.1 UN number** none

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

**14.4 Packing group** not applicable

**14.5 Environmental hazards** none

**14.6** Special precautions for user avoid development of dust

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO Transport in bulk is not intended

instruments

## Section 15 Regulatory Information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>EU Regulations:</u> Classification and labelling acc. to EU-regulation 1272/2008, as amended by regulation 790/2009/EC.

## **REACH Registration status:**

The active substance Sulfur is regarded as being registered acc. to Art. 15 of REACH (1907/2006/EC). All other components of the mixture are exempted from registration acc. to Art. 2 paragraphs 7 and 9 of 1907/2006/EC.

### Other EU Regulations:

Registered according to Plant protection Products Regulation (1107/2009/EC)

National regulations (Germany):

Pflanzenschutzgesetz of 6. Februar 2012 (PflSchG)

Water hazard class: Class 1, slightly hazardous to waters (Self classification according AwSV of 18.04.2017)

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#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

### Section 16 Other information

## **Indication of changes:**

This Safety data sheet has been amended fundamentally according to Annex II of the REACH regulation (1907/2006/EC), regulation 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878. Furthermore, it has been adapted to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

ATE =Actute Toxicity estimate

AwSV = Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (German

regulation for protection of waterbodies)

CAS = Chemical Abstacts Service

CLP = Classification. Labelling and Packaging

d = days

DT50 = dissipation time (half life)

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EC = Effect Concentration

EU = European Union

g/I = grams per litre

h = hours

IMO = International Maritime Organization

LD = Lethal Dose

LC = Lethal Concentration

MMAD = Mass Median Aerodynamic Diameter

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, and Authorisation of Chemicals

SCL = Specific Concentration Limit STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UN = United Nations

vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

w/w = Weight/weight

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008: none

Classification procedure: not applicable, as toxicological data on the mixture are available.

## Relevant H-statements (number and full text):

For the mixture: no classification

Additional hazard statement (EU): (EUH 401)

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use

For the active Ingredient Sulfur:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): H 315: Causes skin irritation

#### **Further information:**

The information contained in this document relates solely to the safety requirements of this product and is accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication. Nothing herein is to be construed as a warranty with the meaning of liability or guarantee provisions.

Data sheet compiled

agrostulln GmbH